

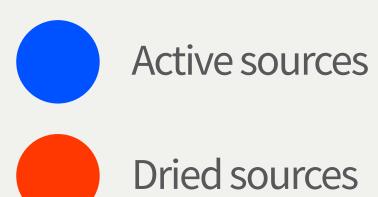






Status of springs in Roshi Rural Municipality

Springs are a lifeline for mountain communities. This map is the result of a collaborative survey by Roshi Rural Municipality and ICIMOD, with the help of 24 community resource persons from 12 wards, as part of our effort to create a database of springs for the Municipality.



Ward

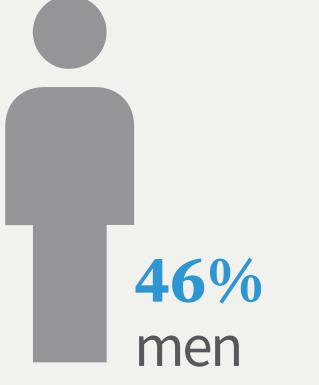
Roshi Rural Municipality



Total number of wards

Community resource persons trained

2 from each ward



54% women



Total water

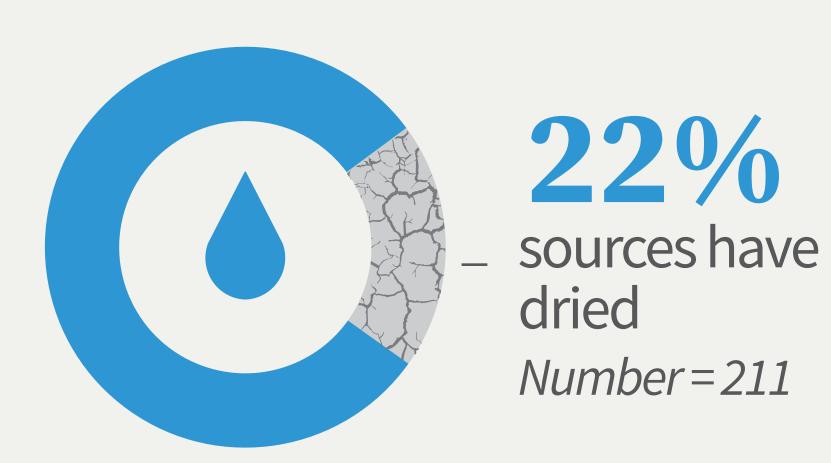
Source status

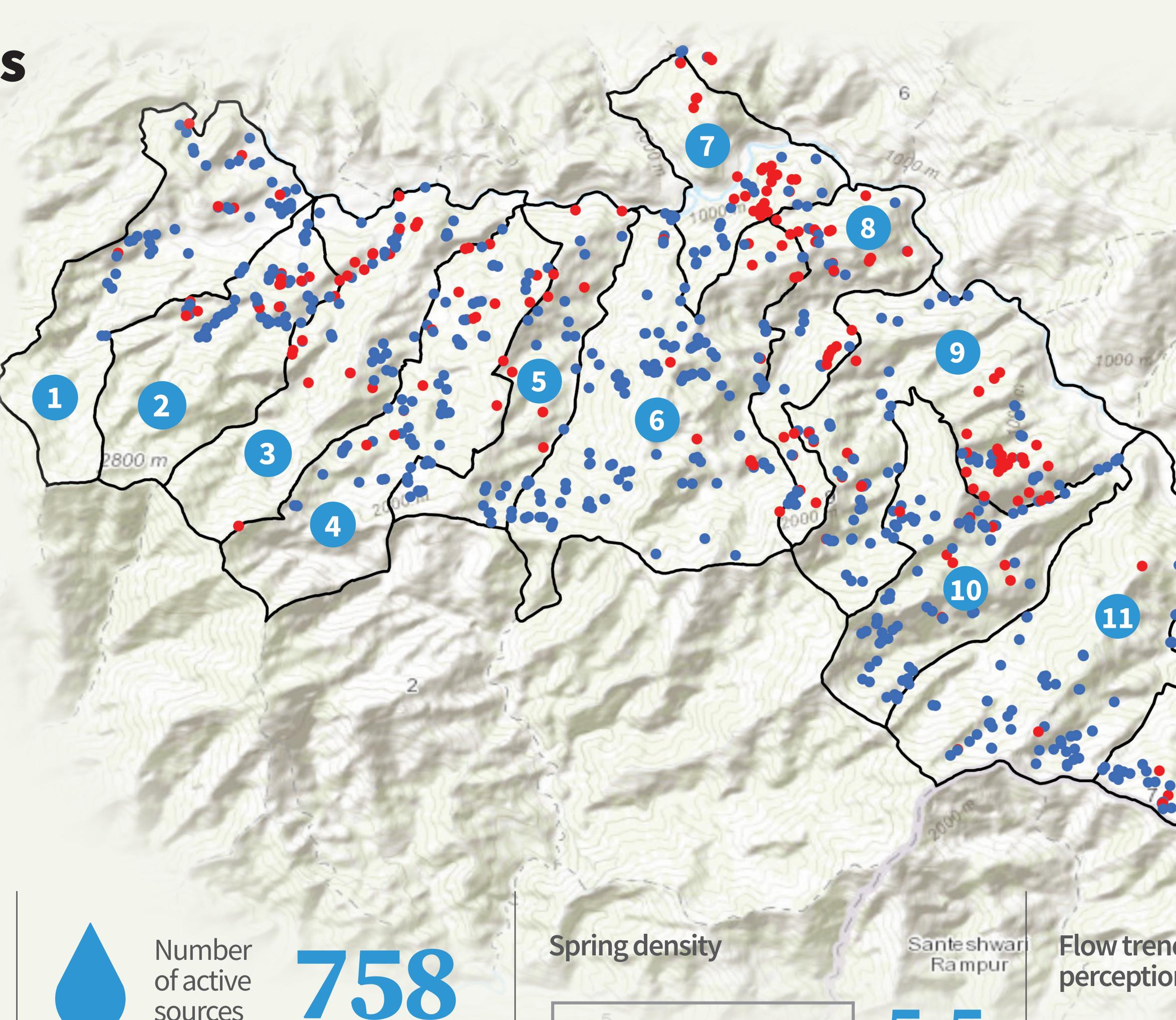


Number 923 of springs



Number of ponds





Among the active sources

of active

sources

65% are in use

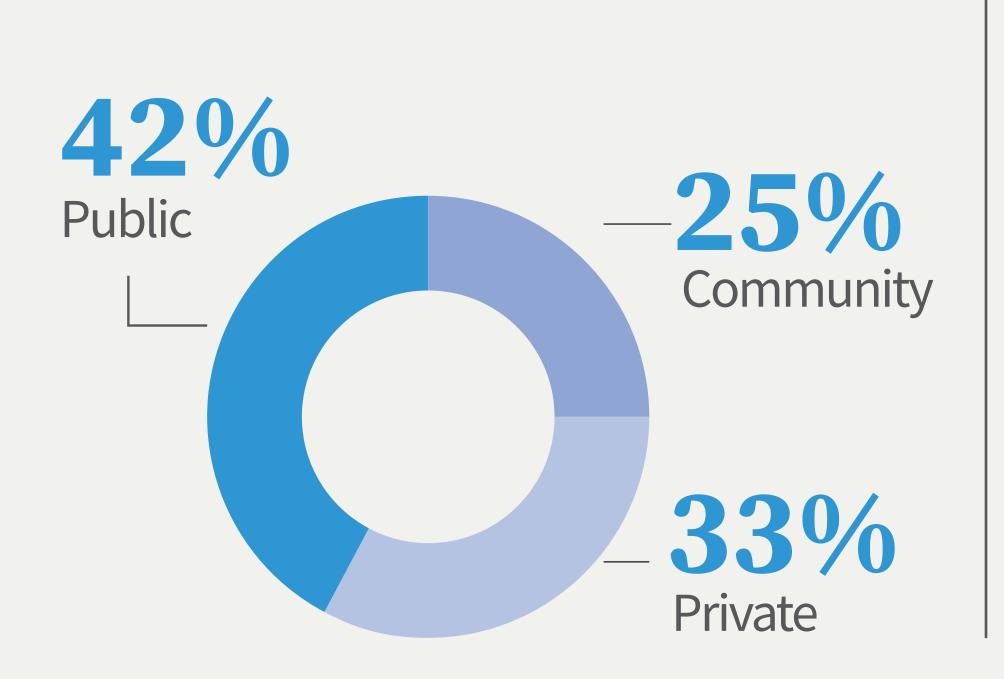
Among the active sources

5406 are tapped for water supply

Among the active sources

sources have religious/ cultural significance (Naag puja, Kul puja, Bandeviko puja, Kriyakarma)

Source ownership





5.5 springs per km²

Average source dependency



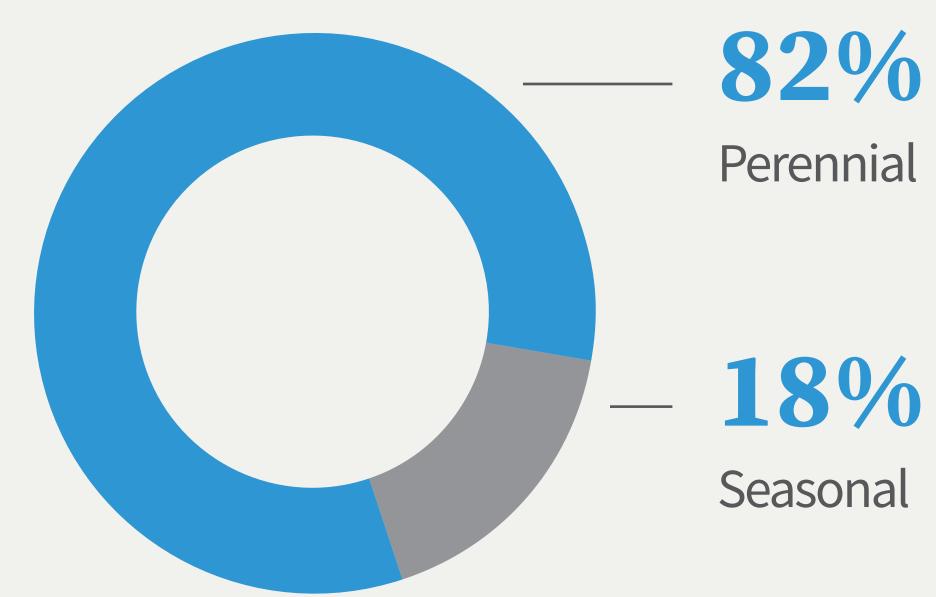
Pond dependence

— 15 Households per pond



Spring dependence

Seasonality of spring sources



Flow trend (Community perception)



62% decreasing flows of springs

Total households (HH) in Bethanchowk Rural Municipality

6,075 (CBS, 2021)

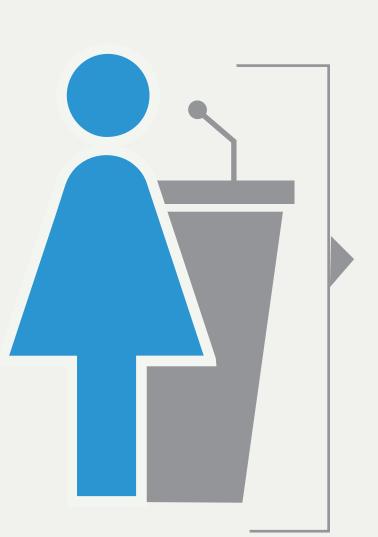
Sources with management 104 committees

Types of management committed

Formal

Informal

Women in leadership positions



1% Chair

14% Vice Chair

Treasurer

16% Secretary

