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Annex 1 Field visit

Details of the Tree Planting Ceremony at Godavari

Early in the morning of 20 May 1998, the participants went to ICIMOD's trial and demonstration site at Godavari to see diverse land-based technologies and for a tree plantation ceremony. This 30 ha plot is 15 km south of Kathmandu city on a site that has many interesting features. The altitude ranges from 2,550 to 1,800 masl, with a subtropical to warm temperate climate, and the slopes vary from five to 60 degrees. Originally the natural vegetation of the area was mixed deciduous and evergreen forest, but it had become degraded into shrubs and severely lopped trees, similar to vegetation types observable in the surrounding areas and throughout much of Nepal. The purpose of the trial and demonstration activities are to experiment with and show various technologies for and approaches to sustainable mountain development of interest to people and partners in the HKH.

The area contains 10 separate sites, each demonstrating a particular activity or activities. Workshop participants were able to observe these subsites during their visit. Site one is a nursery area and includes a demonstration plot for plastic film technology, an apiary, a *Paulownia* plantation, and an example of small animal husbandry; goats and angora rabbits able to produce high quality wool. Other sites demonstrate horticulture, compost making, natural forest and shrubland management, and water harvesting. Fodder grasses and woody species in hedgerows are also grown.

Tree Plantation Ceremony

Mr. Egbert Pelinck, Director General of ICIMOD, welcomed all and indicated his pleasure that the participants were able to include this field visit in their busy workshop schedule. He spoke briefly about the importance of the demonstration site. Although the site is not used in the same way as local farmers use their

lands, their methods are followed to some extent. For example, in hilly areas soil erosion is considered the biggest problem and, to prevent it, people use terracing methods. ICIMOD has adopted a new process, that of 'green terracing', to demonstrate this technique.

Indian willow trees, which produce useful wood and can be used for furniture, had been chosen for plantation. The willow is also useful for individual farmers. The willow can survive in different conditions. Mr. Pelinck told the participants that, when they visited the site again, they would see the trees growing, labelled

Gitanjali

*Where the mind is without fear and the head is held high;
Where knowledge is free;
Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow
domestic walls;
Where words come out from the depth of truth;
Where tireless striving stretches its arms towards perfection;
Where the clear stream of reason has not wandered into the dreary
desert sand of dead habit;
Where the mind is led forward by thee into ever widening thought and
action —
Into that heaven of freedom, let my Hindu Kush-Himalayas awake.*

Adapted from 'Gitanjali' by Rabindra Nath Tagore

All Religions' Prayer

*You are Narayan, greatest man and teacher you are
You are the Siddha, the Buddha, Ganesh and Agni,
Brahma, Mazd, the Powerful one, Christ, God and the father you are
Rudra, Vishnu, Ram, Krishna you are, Rahim and the Tao
Vasudev; Chittananda you are
You, the Incomparable, Timeless and Self-originated.*

Mr Egbert Pelinck, Director General, ICIMOD, participating in the tree plantation ceremony at ICIMOD's Demonstration Site at Godawari, Lalitpur, Nepal



with the names of the countries whose representatives had planted them.

The ceremony continued with the participants reciting prayers and poems expressing their good wishes for a bright and free future for all humanity.

After offering these prayers, everyone proceeded to the location where the trees were to be planted. Saplings

Resolution

O ocean of humility
 Inhabitant of the hut of the poor and helpless
 In this beautiful region
 Irrigated by the Ganga, Yamuna and Brahmaptura
 Help us find you throughout the region.

Give us receptivity and an open-heart
 Give us your own humility
 Give us the strength and eagerness
 To commingle with the people of the Hindu Kush

Only then can you come to help
 When people come before you as nothing

Give us the boon that we may not be separated from those
 Whom we want to serve as servant and friend
 Shape us as a symbol of devotion and humility
 So that we may understand and love this region the more.

Eleven Vows

Non-violence
Truth
Not stealing
Celibacy
Non-grasping
Physical labour
Non-discrimination.
Fearlessness
Secularism
Nationalism
Humility

*These are the qualities that deserve
 to be adopted.*

had been arranged beforehand, with the names of workshop participants displayed on them. Following the tree planting ceremony the participants walked to ICIMOD's trial and demonstration area for tea and snacks and a group photograph. They then proceeded to the site where SALT (Sloping Agricultural Land Technology) techniques were demonstrated.

Feedback on Godavari Site

Khagendra Siktel

ICIMOD's demonstration site is fully equipped with all facilities. We could also have this kind of site in our districts if we were provided with the same kind of finances.

Pushkin Phartiyal

What we saw today and what we saw at Badikhel are two different things. The forests in Badikhel were managed by local people while the Godavari site is managed scientifically. We can benefit from both examples by adopting the most successful practices. It does not matter whether the community or the scientists are involved, if certain methods are working well we can surely adopt them.

Saila Rani Rawat

Visiting the Godavari site gave me many ideas. One of the things that impressed me was the way the stairs were made from sticks with bamboo at the rim. We also learned about the SALT technique and terrace slope farming.

Forests are usually open for the community so that they can enter and collect the dry wood, sticks, and leaves that can be used in their homes as fuel and other purposes. Is the ICIMOD site open so local people can enter and collect dry wood and grass?

I also noticed that as one side of the mountain is being made green, on the other side we could hear blasting in the marble quarry. Something should be done; ICIMOD should see that the

Bhumi Raman,
Nepal introduces
the Hariyali
Sangeet Samuha



mountains close to where they are working are protected so that there is greenery as far as the eye can see.

Subhash Mendhupurkar

It is well-known that women in the Hindu Kush-Himalayas work more hours in the fields and at home and also go to the forest. But I noticed that in one of the flip charts at the site, men were shown working in the fields and fewer women were shown. I would like to suggest that these flip charts should be corrected to portray accurately the role of women in the management of natural resources in mountain areas.

STAKEHOLDER LEARNING GROUPS

The three main stakeholders represented in the workshop were locally elected leaders; community-based organizations; and non-government organizations, government organizations, and academic institutions.

In order to maximise the opportunity for learning from colleagues based in different countries and regions of the Hindu Kush-Himalayas, the next session was set aside for discussion among members of these three stakeholders. This was arranged to provide them with the opportunity to interact with each other in a structured yet informal setting where sharing peer group experiences and brainstorming on issues raised in the forum can take place.

The theme of the Stakeholder Learning Groups was 'National and Regional Strategies to Engage Locally Elected Institutions in Community Forestry Management' and guidelines for the discussions had been prepared. The guidelines began with an acknowledgment that sustainable mountain development and successful community-based forest manage-

ment require collaboration between the different stakeholders represented at the workshop. All the stakeholders are together in striving to achieve an improved quality of life for mountain women and men, by giving communities more control over their lives, and in seeking development which is equitable, pro poor, and which values the environment.

The tasks for each stakeholder discussion group were set out as the following:

- to identify your group's role in achieving sustainable community-based forest management,
- to identify the approaches that will give the resource poor and marginalised groups equal access to forest resources,
- to identify the group's role in evolving appropriate policies and practices,
- to identify the best practices that will encourage principles of transparency and accountability, and
- to identify local, national, and inter-country mechanisms that can address these issues on a continuing basis.

Stakeholder Learning Group Presentations

The first plenary session began with presentations from the Stakeholder Learning Groups.

Role of Government Organizations, Non-Government Institutions and Academic Institutions *presented by S. Sreedhar*

Group Members

1. M.M. Khan
2. Rakesh Sharma

3. Pushkin Phartiyal
4. Adarsh Bala
5. Subhash Mendhapurkar
6. Mohammad Iqbal
7. Ali Gohar
8. Bijaya Raj Poudel
9. Mahesh Hari Acharya
10. Surya Prasad Adhikari
11. Prakash Mathema
12. Barna Bahadur Thapa
13. Juneli Shrestha
14. Sabitra Kumari Bhattarai
15. Yoko Watanabe
16. Ahmed Afzal
17. S. Sreedhar

Government Organizations

Government organizations should see their roles transformed from the past ones of control, regulatory, and financing agencies to roles of active and positive service providers. They should transfer ownership of resources to the community. The various areas in which government institutions could be most supportive were identified as the following.

- Legislation and legal support of policies promoting community participation and control
- Capacity building to enable community members to take a more active role in the development process
- Identifying and initiating relevant research and action to move the participatory development process forward
- Clarifying and enhancing the roles of various functionaries through institution-wide interaction and experience sharing
- Assisting local groups in decision-making processes
- Facilitating coordination among local institutions
- Taking an active and objectively neutral role in conflict resolution

Non-Government Organizations and Academic Institutions

A variety of important functions was identified as areas for intervention and support from NGOs and academic institutions.

- Participatory research
- Community-based activities
- Enterprise development and support
- Documentation and communication with colleagues and institutions in a wider area
- Advocacy, legal aid, protection of local rights
- Ensuring and assisting in equitable sharing of benefits among all local stakeholders
- Taking an active and objectively neutral role in conflict resolution
- Capacity building to enable community members to take a more active role in the development process

Role of Community-based Organizations

presented by Kulbhushan Upamanyu

Group Members

1. Sabitri Devi Bisht
2. Boni Devi Chauhan
3. Ramesh Pahadi
4. Chandi Prasad Bhatt
5. Radha Bhatt
6. Kulbhushan Upamanyu
7. Satya Prasanna
8. J.S. Guleria
9. Ramki Devi
10. Jassu Devi
11. Hem Gairola
12. Ahmed Afzal
13. Shafa Ali
14. Zohra Khanum
15. B.P. Shrestha
16. Bhumi Raman Nepal
17. Aprasa Chapagain
18. Mohan Maya Pyakurel
19. Murari Khanal

20. Maya Devi Khanal
21. Bhim Lal Subedi
22. Ishwara Pokhrel
23. Sabita Pokhrel
24. Bindu Kumari Mishra
25. Devi Adhikari
26. Bal Krishna Khatri
27. Kul Bahadur K.C.
28. Kamala Devi
29. Arati Shrestha
30. Basanti Ben

1. Community-based sustainable forest and natural resource management imperatives
 - Long or short-term programmes for CFUGs should be designed by representatives from different institutions.
 - When CFUGs are formed, poor, disadvantaged classes, tribal people, and women should be given equal opportunities to participate and should also be appointed to positions of authority.
 - When establishing industries related to the needs of local people, people of all socioeconomic strata should be consulted.
 - In order to implement all programmes smoothly, the users of the area should be aware of the merits and demerits of particular policies.
 - Programmes that can directly provide economic support to UG members should be implemented.
 - Feelings of respect should be generated for the oppressed classes and women.
 - Coordination among government institutions, NGOs, and locally elected institutions should be established.
2. Equal opportunities for poor and marginalised classes to have access to forest resources
 - All classes should equally par-

- participate in formulating policies.
- Training programmes, workshops, field visits, and income-based programmes should be arranged.
3. Development of appropriate policies and practices
 - The needs and wishes of local people should be considered at the time policies are being designed and when implementing programmes.
 - Institutions and individuals must take the initiative to change the current mindset.
 4. Accountability and transparency
 - Work related to institutional development should start from the people's institutions.
 - Representatives and leaders of CFUGs should present financial reports before the CFUG membership.
 5. Local, national, and international level processes
 - National-level institutions should work as pressure groups to solve local-level problems.
 - To identify the problems of the Hindu Kush-Himalayan region, a network like HIMAWANTI should be established. Related institutions should take the initiative for this.

Role of Locally Elected Institutions
presented by Ms Raman Devi

Group Members

1. Heema Devi Rana
2. Kalawati Devi Rawat
3. Raija Chaudhari
4. Shail Rani Rawat
5. Ratan Chand
6. Sukhdev Bishwapremi
7. Raman Devi
8. Amit Mitra
9. Haider Khan
10. H.P. Neupane
11. Laxmi Bhandari
12. Dhan Bahadur Tamang
13. Ghanta Prasad Nepal
14. Chhongba Lama
15. Ambar Bahadur Pahari
16. Ganesh Shrestha
17. Guman Dhoj Kunwar
18. Bahadur Rokaya
19. Tulsi Prasad Neupane
20. Ram Sharan Ghimire
21. Lal Kumar K.C.
22. Krishna Prasad Sapkota
23. Ganesh Prasad Timilsina
24. Madhav Poudel
25. Rajendra Pokhrel
26. Kishor Chandra Dulal
27. Kumar Bhomjan
28. S. Nepal
29. Bijaya Raj Poudyal
30. Sanu Kumar Shrestha
31. Shyam Ghimire

Key Issues

- Elected representatives from local institutions should establish *Gram Sabha* (Village Councils) with the help of autonomous groups at the village level. The people who depend on natural resources should be made capable of establishing and implementing income-generating programmes related to community forest management.
- People who are socially and economically weak should also be encouraged to participate. Some special provisions should be made for this.
- Using transparent mechanisms at the village level, the *Gram Sabha* members, the user groups, locally elected institutions, and other institutions should work together to make the programmes work. Programmes that are formulated at the village level should be imple-

mented at the village level. These should be people-oriented programmes

- Election to local institutions should be carried out through democratic processes and the *Gram Sabha* should be formed legally at village and ward levels. Plans and programmes should also be made and implemented through the *gram sabha*. Women and economically disadvantaged people should be encouraged and should be provided with member-

ship in decision-making bodies by law.

In the afternoon, participants broke into country groups to discuss strategies and come up with national and sub-national plans. During this session, participants were requested to discuss the strategies for their countries at different levels:

- as individuals,
- as institutions,
- at the state level, and
- at the inter-country level.



A glimpse of the street play which was designed and performed especially for the workshop participants



Senior Officials from the forestry sector, Nepal, at the workshop inauguration

Annex 2

List of Participants

No.	Country	Name	Address
1.	Bangladesh	Prof. M.M. Khan	Dept. of Public Administration University of Dhaka Dhaka 1000 Bangladesh FAX#880-2-865583 TEL# (8802) 861411
1.	India	Shri Rakesh Sharma	Additional Director Uttar Pradesh Academy of Administration Nainital 263001 Uttar Pradesh India FAX#36280 TEL# 36149, 35566
2	India	Dr. Pushkin Phartiyal	Project Manager, Mountain Development, LDS Uttar Pradesh Academy of Administration Nainital 263001 Uttar Pradesh India FAX#36280, 36260, Phone 36149
3	India	Mrs. Sabitri Devi Bisht	Sarpanch Ban Panchayat Gopeshwor, Uttar Pradesh

4	India	Mrs. Boni Devi Chauhan	Sarpanch Ban Panchayat Van Panchayat Urgan P.O. Urgan via Joshimath Distt: Chamoli 246402 Uttar Pradesh
5	India	Mrs. Heema Devi Rana	Pradhan Village Panchayat Dogari-Kandai, P.O. Tangsa Distt: Chamoli 246 401
6	India	Mrs. Kalawati Devi Rawat	Chairman Mahila Mangal Dal Bachher, P.O. Bachher Distt: Chamoli 246 401
7.	India	Mrs. Raija Chaudhari	Chairman Pokhari Distt: Chamoli 246 473 Uttar Pradesh TEL#01372 53303
8.	India	Mrs. Shaila Rani Rawat	Chairman Mahila Jagrit Sansthan Agastyamuni Distt: Rudra Prayag 246 421 TEL#01372 36206 (Res.) 26288 (Off.)
9.	India	Mr. Ramesh Pahadi	Dasholi Gram Swarajya Mandal Gopeshwor, Chamoli 246 401 India TEL#01372 52183
10.	India	Mr. Chandi Prasad Bhatt	„
11.	India	Ms. Basanti	„
12.	India	Ms. Radha Bhatt	Himalayan Sewa Sangh (Off.) 15 Rajghat Colony, Rajghat New Delhi 110 002 Laxmi Ashram (Res.) Kausani, Distt: Almora UP 263639 011-3319685 (O), 05962-45003 (R)
13.	India	Mr. Ratan Chand	Society for Rural Development and Action (SRDA) Thalthukhor 176122 Distt: Mandi, H.P.

14.	India	Mr. Sukhdev Vishwapremi	Rural Technology Development Centre (RTDC) Rajgarh 175027, Mandi, H.P. India
15.	India	Mr. Kulbhushan Upamanyu	,,
16.	India	Mr. Satya Prasanna	NAVRACHNA Tika Aima, Palampur 176061 Himachal Pradesh
17.	India	Ms. Adarsh Bala	Vice-President Samridhi Mahila Gramodyog Sangathan VPO Haldara-Kona, Tehsil Palampur, Distt: Kangra HP-176093
18.	India	Mr. Joginder Singh Guleria	Kangra Forest Cooperatives Tika Aima, Palampur Kangra, HP
19.	India	Mr. Subhash Mendhapurkar	SUTRA P.O. Jagjit Nagar Via. Jubber District: Solan, HP TEL# 91 1792-83725/83734 FAX# 91-1792-83734
20.	India	Ms. Raman Devi	Pradhan Gram Panchayat Darohi Distt: Hamirpur, H.P.
21.	India	Ms. Ramki Devi	Member Mahila Mandal, Rajpuri P.O. Jabli, Distt: Solan H.P. 173209, India
22.	India	Mr. Amit Mitra	B 277 Sarita Vihar New Delhi 110044 India FAX# 6940385, TEL# 6940385
23.	India	Ms. Jasso Devi	President Mahila Mandal Batheri Distt: Mandi Himachal Pradesh India TEL#88301

24.	India	Mr. Hem Gairola	Academy for Mountain Environments 111/2-1 Rajpur Road P.O. Box 189 Dehradun, India FAX# 91-0135-749560
25.	India	Dr. B.P. Maithani	Member Convenor CAPART, (NEZ) Ashok Path, Basistha Road Survey, Guwahati-28, Assam India FAX# 91 0361 568368
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1.	Pakistan	Mr. Ahmed Afzal	Governance Resource Facility UNDP 10th Floor Saudi Pak Tower Islamabad Pakistan TEL#92 51 821816 FAX#92 51 279080
2.	Pakistan	Mr. Haider Khan	Forest Advisor to Local Govt. Representative Northern Areas Council
3.	Pakistan	Mr. Mohammad Iqbal	Divisional Forest Officer
4.	Pakistan	Mr. Shafa Ali	Member Village Organization, Chalt
5.	Pakistan	Ms. Zuhra Khanum	Forester AKRSP
6.	Pakistan	Mr. Ali Gohar	Manager Natural Resource Training Support Unit, AKRSP Gilgit

1.	Nepal	Mr. H.P. Neupane	Chairperson FECOFUN Old Baneswor P.O. Box 5723, Kathmandu TEL# 485263, 488092 (Res.) FAX# 485262
2.	Nepal	Ms. Laxmi Bhandari	Gamcha Forest Users' Group C/o FECOFUN Old Baneswor P.O. Box 5723, Kathmandu TEL# 485263; FAX# 485262
3.	Nepal	Mr. Dhana Bahadur Tamang	Chairperson Magapauwa VDC, Distt. Dolakha Janakpur, Nepal
4.	Nepal	Mr. B.P. Shrestha	Ram Bazar Forest Users' Group Okhaldhunga -5 Nepal C/o FECOFUN Old Baneswor P.O. Box 5723, Kathmandu TEL# 485263; FAX# 485262
5.	Nepal	Mr. Bhumi Raman Nepal	District Court Office Dhading Nepal TEL# 010-20131
6.	Nepal	Ms. Apsara Chapagain	FECOFUN Old Baneswor P.O. Box 5723, Kathmandu TEL# 485263; FAX# 485262
7.	Nepal	Ms. Mohan Maya Pyakurel	Naulo Pokhero Forest Users' Group Basantamala-4, Dailekh Nepal TEL# 089-29316
8.	Nepal	Mr. Ghanta Prasad	Madan Pokhara, Palpa Nepal
9.	Nepal	Mr. Chongba Lama	Bamti Village Development Committee Ramechhap, Nepal TEL# 048-29300
10.	Nepal	Mr. Murari Khanal	Community Forestry Users' Group Tamagadhi, Nijagada Bara, Nepal

11.	Nepal	Mr. Ambar Bahadur Pahari	Chairperson Massdanda Forestry Users' Group Badikhel, Godavari Lalitpur
12.	Nepal	Mr. Ganesh Shrestha	Chairperson Bokhim Village Development Committee Bhojpur, Nepal TEL# 029-20226
13.	Nepal	Mr. Guman Dhoj Kunwar	Chairperson Chaubasa VDC, Ward No. 5 Kabhrepalanchowk TEL# 011-62054
14.	Nepal	Ms. Maya Devi Khanal	Chairperson HIMAWANTI Old Baneshwor, Kathmandu P.O. Box 5723, Kathmandu TEL# 485263; FAX# 485262
15.	Nepal	Mr. Bhim Lal Subedi	FECOFUN Old Baneshwor, Kathmandu P.O. Box 5723, Kathmandu TEL# 485263; FAX# 485262
16.	Nepal	Mr. Bahadur Rokaya	Member District Development Committee Kanchanpur, Mahakali Zone, Nepal TEL#099-21147; FAX#21148
17.	Nepal	Mr. Tulsi Prasad Neupane	Chairperson District Development Committee Sankhuwasabha, Koshi Zone Nepal
18.	Nepal	Mr. Ram Sharan Ghimire	Secretary Kaphle Community Forestry Users Group Lamatar, Lalitpur
19.	Nepal	Mr. Lal Kumar K.C.	Chairperson District Development Committee Dolakha, Janakpur Zone Nepal TEL#049-20144(O), 049-20114 (Res.) FAX 20133
20.	Nepal	Mr. Krishna Prasad Sapkota	Chairperson District Development Committee Kabhrepalanchowk, Nepal TEL#011-61246

21.	Nepal	Mr. Ganesh Prasad Timilsina	Chairperson District Development Committee Parbat, Gandaki Zone Nepal TEL#067-20144 (Off.), 20258 (Res.)
22.	Nepal	Mr. Madhav Poudyal	Chairperson Association of District Development Committee of Nepal (ADDCN) District Office Man Bhawan, Lalitpur Nepal TEL#01-523410, 290601; FAX 533215
23.	Nepal	Ms. Ishwara Pokhrel	Arghakanchi Lumbini Zone
24.	Nepal	Ms. Sabita Pokhrel	,,
25.	Nepal	Mr. Rajendra Pokhrel	Advisor Prajapati Community Forestry Suranga, Jhapa Nepal TEL#023-29218, 29215
26.	Nepal	Mr. Bijaya Raj Poudyal	District Forest Officer District Forest Office Nuwakot
27.	Nepal	Mr. Mahesh Hari Acharya	District Forest Officer District Forest Office Sanothimi, Bhaktapur TEL# 977-1-610311 FAX# 977-1-227374
28.	Nepal	Mr. SuryaPrasad Adhikari	Legal Officer Department of Forests Babar Mahal, Kathmandu
29.	Nepal	Ms. Bindu Kumari Mishra	Assistant Forest Officer Department of Forests Babar Mahal, Kathmandu TEL# 977-1-247599, FAX# 229013
30.	Nepal	Mr. Prakash Mathema	Research Officer Department of Soil Conservation Babar Mahal, Kathmandu TEL# 977-1-220828 FAX# 221067 E-mail: cftp@wlink.com.mp

31.	Nepal	Mr. Kishor Chandra Dulal	Chairperson District Development Committee Tehrathum Nepal TEL#026 60145, 026-60143 (Res.) FAX: 60133
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33.	Nepal	Mr. Barna Bahadur Thapa	Department of Wildlife Conservation and National Parks Babar Mahal, Kathmandu TEL# 220912, 220850 FAX# 227675
34.	Nepal	Ms. Devi Adhikari	Treasurer Community Forestry Users' Committee Sindhupalchowk TEL# 61531
35.	Nepal	Ms. Juneli Shrestha	Deputy Chairman Social Service Council HMG/Nepal TEL#21731 Makwanpur District
36.	Nepal	Ms. Sabitra Kumari Bhattarai	Secretary Women & Environment Centre, Nepal Social Welfare Council Branch Office, Lamjung TEL#066-29422, 4-11307 Centre, Ktm.
37.	Nepal	Mr. Bijay Raj Thewe	Chairperson District Development Committee Taplejung TEL# 024-60124
38.	Nepal	Mr. Bal Krishna Khatri	Pudali Forest Users' Group Lamatar VDC, Ward No. 3 Lalitpur
39.	Nepal	Mr. Sanu Kumar Shrestha	Chairperson District Development Committee Kathmandu TEL# 312031, 422929

40.	Nepal	Mr. Kul Bahadur K.C.	Chairperson Patle Community Forestry Users' Group Lamatar 1, Lalitpur
41.	Nepal	Ms. Kamala Sharma	
42.	Nepal	Ms. Arati Shrestha	Pokhara, Kaski
43.	Nepal	Mr. Dil Raj Khanal	Advocate Arghakanchi, Sitapur -6 C/O FECOCUN Old Baneshwor, Kathmandu
44.	Nepal	Mr. Shyam Ghimire	Chairperson Badikhel Village Development Committee, Godawari, Lalitpur

Countrywise Breakdown

Country	M	W	Total	ICIMOD
Bangladesh	1		1	6
India	15	12	27	
Pakistan	5	2	7	
Nepal	33	11	44	
	54	25	79	85

ICIMOD

1. Anupam Bhatia	2. Khagendra Siktel
3. Govind Shrestha	4. Mrinalini Rai
5. Tribhuvan Poudyal	6. Bishnu K.C.

Annex 3

Workshop Programme

DAY ONE MONDAY 16 MARCH 1998	
14.00 pm	Arrival and Registration
16.00 pm	Earth Ceremony Personal Introductions by Participants Introduction of Support Persons/Interpreters Workshop Background/Objectives/Process/Agenda Housekeeping Information
18.00 pm	Cultural Programme by <i>Hariyali Sangeet Samuha</i> , Dhading. Compered by Manjul Nepal Dinner
DAY TWO TUESDAY 17 March 1998	
07.30 am	Breakfast
08.30 am	Arrival and Registration
10:00 am	Inauguration Ceremony
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Welcome address by Mr. Egbert Pelinck, Director General, ICIMOD • Welcome address by Ms. Kesang Chungyalpa, Deputy Resident Representative, UNDP, Nepal • Welcome remarks by Mr. Madhav Poudel • Chairperson, Association of District Development Committees, Nepal; and • Chairperson, District Development Committee, Lalitpur • Welcome remarks by Mr. Hari Prasad Neupane • Chairperson, Federation of Community Forestry Users' Group, Nepal • Address by Chief Guest, the Honourable Gajendra Narayan Singh, Minister for Local Development, HMG/Nepal • Remarks by the Honourable Bhakta Bahadur Rokaya, State Minister of Forests and Soil Conservation, HMG/Nepal • Brief remarks by country representatives • Vote of Thanks • Group Photograph

11:45 am	Lunch
13.00 pm	Plenary Session
	Panel Discussion 'Widening Horizons: Challenges to Integrate Governance and Natural Resources' Management in the Hindu Kush-Himalayas' Chairperson: Dr. Mohan Man Sainju Panelists: Pakistan Mr. Haider Khan, Member, Northern Areas Council Mr. Shafa Ali, Community Mobiliser, Chalt/Chaprote Bangladesh Dr. M.M. Khan, Dhaka University India Mr. Ramesh Sharma, Deputy Director, UPAA Ms. Radha Bhatt, Laxmi Ashram Mr. Chandni Prasad Bhatt, Dasholi Gram Swarajya Mandal Mr. Kulbhushan Upmanyu, NAVRACHNA Dr. B.P. Maithani, NIRD Nepal Mr. Hari Prasad Neupane, Chairperson, FECOFUN Ms. Maya Devi Khanal, Chairperson, HIMAWANTI
18:00 pm	HIMAWANTI -- Himalayan Grass Roots' Women's Natural Resource Management Network Meeting
18.00-19.00 pm	Screening of film 'Samshodhan' and discussion
20.00 pm	Dinne
DAY THREE WEDNESDAY 18 March 1998	
07.30 am	Breakfast
08.30 am	Plenary Session
	Housekeeping announcements Review
09.00 am	Concurrent Sessions for Paper Presentations
	GROUP ONE Ramesh Pahadi, India Subhash Mendhupurkar, India Hari Prasad Neupane, Nepal
	GROUP TWO S. Sreedhar and Hem Goirala, India Ali Gohar, Pakistan M.M. Khan, Bangladesh Dil Raj Khanal, Nepal
	GROUP THREE Kulbhushan Upamanyu, India Madhav Poudel, Nepal Radha Bhatt, India B.P. Maithani, India
10:30 am	Tea/coffee
11:00 am	MIRROR GROUPS Four groups to continue discussions on issues raised by Plenary Panel and Concurrent Paper Presentations
13.00 pm	Lunch
14.00 pm	Departure for Field Visit to Badikhel Community Forestry Users Group, Mas Danda VDC
14.45 pm	Arrival at Badikhel - Briefing by VDC and FUG representatives - Visit to community managed forest areas in small groups
16.00 pm	Tea/snacks

16.30 pm	Sarwanam Street Play: "Hamro Gaon, Ramro Gaon"
17.30 pm	Departure for Godavari Resort
20.00 pm	Dinner
21.00 pm	The Story of the <i>Chipko Andolan</i> slide show by Chandi Prasad Bhatt
DAY FOUR THURSDAY 19 MARCH 1998	
07.30 am	Breakfast
08.30 am	Brief discussion on field visit to Badikhel
09.00 am	Plenary Session
	Chairperson, Ganesh Prasad Timilsina, DDC Chairperson, Parbat District, Nepal PAPERS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparative Analysis of Decentralization Laws and Forest Laws of Nepal by Narayan Belbase and Dhrubesh Regmi • Issues and Challenges for Linkages between Local Governance and Community Forestry Management in Nepal by Amrit Lal Joshi, Chief Planning Officer, Ministry of Forests and Soil Conservation. • Discussants: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Kalyan Raj Pandey, PDDP, ◆ Surya Adhikari, Legal Officer, Department of Forests, Nepal, and ◆ Bijay Raj Poudyal, DFO, Nuwakot District, Nepal.
13.00 pm	Lunch
14.00 pm	Guidelines for Stakeholders' Learning Groups
14.30 pm	Stakeholder Learning Groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Elected Leaders Group • Community Based Organizations' Group • Non-Government Organizations / Government Organizations / Academic Institutions' Group
16.30 pm	Departure for Sightseeing and Shopping
19.30 pm	Departure from Durbar Marg for Godavari Resort
20.30 pm	Dinner
DAY FIVE FRIDAY 20 MARCH 1998	
07.30 am	Departure for ICIMOD's Demonstration Site, Godavari
08.00 am	Demonstration of Technologies Tree Planting Ceremony by Participants
11.00 am	Return to Hotel/Breakfast
12.00 noon	Plenary Session <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Presentations from Stakeholder Learning Groups — 20 minutes for each group • Discussion
14.00 pm	Lunch
15.00 pm	Strategies and Plans in Country Groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pakistan • India • Nepal • Bangladesh
18.30 pm	Cultural Programme by Manjul Nepal Group
20.30 pm	Dinner

DAY SIX SATURDAY 21 MARCH 1998	
07.30 am	Breakfast
08.00 am	Final Plenary Session Reports from Country Groups — 20 minutes for each group Discussion
10.00 am	Tea/Coffee
10.15 am	Farewell Plenary Godavari Declaration Signature on Declaration Vote of Thanks
12.00 noon	Departure of Participants

Annex 4 Registration

Workshop registration began at the entrance to the conference hall of the Godavari Resort at 2:00 p.m. Resort and ICIMOD staff worked together, giving the participants their room assignments and keys and conducting them to their rooms. Each participant received a brief case with a woven design representing the people and scenery of the Hindu Kush-Himalayas. The briefcase included the workshop programme, information about ICIMOD, and details about the Godavari Resort—the workshop venue. In addition participants were given a cushion covered in cloth printed with a traditional Nepali pattern. These were to be used for seating, as the workshop was designed to be conducted with semi-circular floor seating, conducive to informal discussion and suitable for all participants. After registering, participants were invited to have tea and other refreshments and to browse through materials on display in three languages. These included information about the workshop, as well as various ICIMOD publications about community forestry, conflict resolution, and other relevant topics. Many participants took the opportunity to relax and become acquainted with one another.

Accommodation at the venue was either in small five-room cottages or in a large living area on the top floor of the same main building which housed the conference hall and dining area. Participants had been assigned rooms on the basis of gender, and three cottages were set aside exclusively for women. Participants from the same countries were placed together in double rooms, but, within the cottages and the large living area, efforts had been made to mix nationalities in order to maximise interaction.