

# Valuation of Watershed Services in the Koshi Basin of Nepal

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THREE DECADES

FOR MOUNTAINS AND PEOPLE

### Introduction

- Rural people are on the frontline of climate change
- Enhancing community resilience to climate change through ecosystem management
- Focusing on ecosystem services that contribute the most to reduce the vulnerability of local communities to climate change (Colls et al. 2009)
- Mainstreaming ecosystem management into national development policy (Vingola et al. 2009)
- Understand how household perceive the need for different services and their trade-offs

# Using non market valuation

- No trade in markets for services provided by nature
- Establishing the value to households requires to elicit willingness to pay (WTP)
- WTP positively associated with respondents' income
- Hypothesis: WTP depends on the mode of payment (monetary versus in-kind)

# Objectives

- To assess whether WTP depends on the mode of payment
- To estimate the shadow value of time

# Methods

- Discrete choice experiment to elicit public preferences
- ldentified important ecosystem services through focus group discussions (Figure 1)
- ► 600 household interviewed (Upstream & Downstream)
- Total 20 choice sets grouped into 5 blocks

Figure 1: Selected attributes and their levels

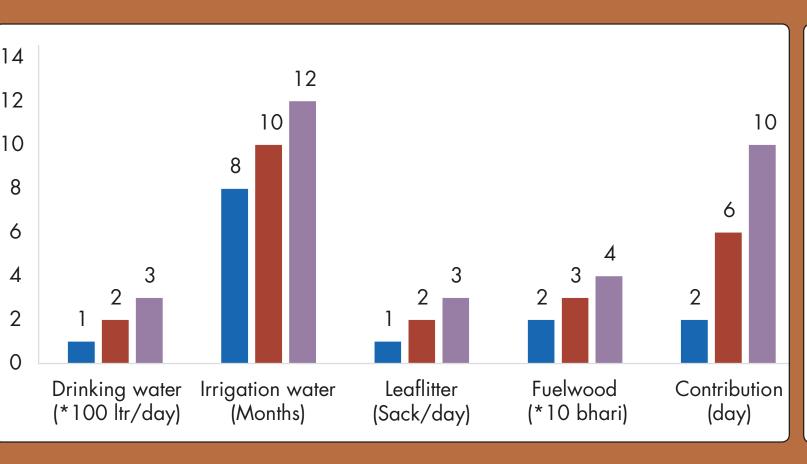


Figure 2: Percentage of respondents

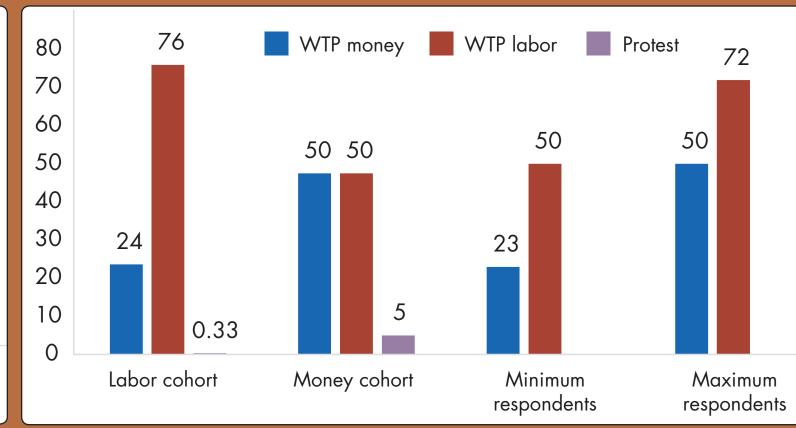


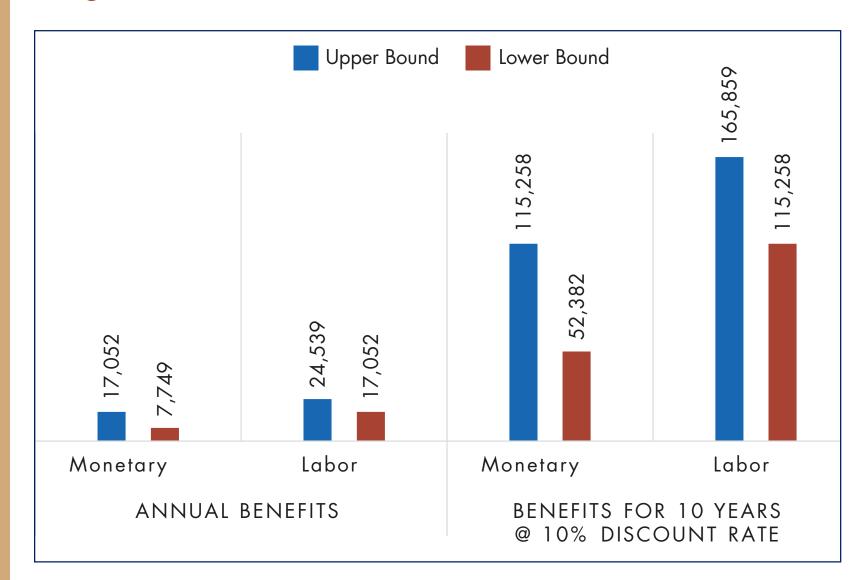
Table 1: Implicit price of each attributes and their confidence intervals at 95%

Attributes	Monetary (NPR)	Labor time (Days)	Monetary value of IP in labor (Col 2 × market wage rate in NPRs)
	1	2	3
Drinking water (litre/day)	29.37	0.11	33
Irrigation water (per month)	1,442.78	5.76	1,728
Leaf litter (Sack/day for a month)	1,283.13	5.77	1,731
Fuelwood	116.75	0.38	114

# **Estimation of WTP**

- New scenario: Drinking water (Litter per day) +10, Irrigation water +1 month, Leaf litter (Sack/day) +1, Fuelwood +1 bhari.
- ► Household WTP Monetary = NPR 3,136
- ► Household WTP Labor = 13 days
- Opportunity cost = NPR 241/day ~ 80% of market wage (NPR 300/day).
  NPR is Nepalese currency.
  1 USD ~ NPR 100.00

Figure 3: Household WTP and social benefits



# Conclusions

- WTP in labor increases the social benefits between 1.44 and 2.20 times
- Generating interest of the younger generation in farm activities may increase benefits
- Increasing forest products availability can benefit rural women
- Eliciting WTP in labor encourages participation of low-income households in decision-making process

Figure 4: An example of choice set

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	Attributes			Altern	ative 1	Alternative 2		Current situatio	n
	Drinking water			200 lit	res/day	200 litres/day		100 litres/day	
	Irrigation water			12 months available		8 months available		8 months availabl	е
Jan	Feb .	Mar	Apr						
May	Jun	Jul	Aug						
Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec						
Le	Leaf litter collection			2 sacks/day		2 sacks/day		1 sack/day	
Fue	Fuelwood collection			30 bhari (stacks)		30 bhari (stacks)		20 bhari (stacks)	
Waters	Watershed management fee			NPR 3,000.00		NPR 60	00.00		
				SEPOSIE STREET STREETS TO	WON SECRET	SOUTH THE STATE OF		No additional fee	9
Your choice M Please tick ( ✓ ) one box									

# Acknowledgements

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### Note

References will be provided as per request. For further details please contact Rajesh K Rai, email: rjerung@gmail.com

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