PREPARING FOR THE NEXT GENERATION OF WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PROGRAMMES AND PROJECTS

ASIA

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PREFACE

On the occasion of the International Year of Mountains, and in response to the clear consensus reached by the international community regarding the need to ensure harmonious and sustainable development of mountainous areas and watersheds, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) and its partners in the subject, undertook a large-scale assessment and global review of the current status and future trends of regarding knowledge about and techniques for integrated watershed management.

The objectives were to promote the exchange and dissemination of experiences of integrated watershed management techniques, identify constraints to the implementation and development of those techniques during the decade from 1990 to 2000 and capture relevant new paradigms and approaches. The lessons learned from diverse experiences are being used to define a new generation of integrated watershed management projects.

Experts from four continents contributed to the assessment, which yielded four main outputs: 1) a review of experiences in watershed management, based on questionnaires that were sent to active partners in the field; 2) substantive reports from four regional workshops held in Nairobi (Kenya), Kathmandu (Nepal), Arequipa (Peru) and Megève (France); 3) four case studies from the Mediterranean basin, Nepal, Bolivia and Burundi; and 4) an international conference in Porto Cervo, Sassari Province, Sardinia, Italy.

Watershed management concepts and approaches were reviewed, and different experiences assessed. The results of this exercise are presented in several documents, including the proceedings of workshops and reports on the four case studies.

The conservation, use and sustainable management of watershed resources in order to meet the demands of growing populations have been a high priority for many countries over the past several decades. In this respect, integrated watershed management through people's participation has become widely accepted as the approach that ensures sound sustainable natural resources management and a better economy for upland inhabitants, as well as people living in downstream areas.

Within Asia there has been a noticeable divergence in approach to watershed management. The watershed development projects in India, which have a strong rural development component and make use of the "ridge-to-valley" treatment, are in marked contrast to the hydrological and land cover approaches adopted in other parts of Asia. The more recent interest in the ecosystem

services that catchments provide has helped clarify the objectives of watershed management, particularly in the water towers of the Himalayas. While great advances have been made in the last 20 years, there is still great opportunity to develop further understanding of these upstream—downstream interactions and linkages. Equally important is the need to develop and sustain synergy and partnership among different communities of practice involved in watershed management, within Asia and beyond.

This volume contains the proceedings of the workshop held in Kathmandu in September 2003.

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All those presenters who were able to provide outlines of their papers within one month of this workshop are very much appreciated. This made it possible for a draft CD-ROM to be made available at the Sassari Workshop held in October 2003.

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The ICIMOD management team provided the logistical arrangements for this meeting, and this hard work is greatly appreciated.

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Finally, thanks to Stephen J Keeling who compiled and checked the manuscript with great care.

ACRONYMS

AsDB Asian Development Bank

CBS Central Bureau of Statistics of the Government of Nepal CDCC community Development Conservation Committee

CDG Community Development Group CVP Chakriya Vikas Pranali (India)

DANIDA Danish International Development Agency

DDC District Development Committee

DFID Department for International Development (UK)

DLR Department of Land Resources (India)

DSCWM Department of Soil Conservation and Watershed Management FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

FY Financial Year

GDP Gross Domestic Product

GIS Geographic Information System

GTZ German Agency for Technical Cooperation

HRD Human Resource DevelopmentHRU Hydrologic Response Units

ICIMOD International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development

IFAD International Fund for Agricultural Development

IUCN World Conservation Union (formerly International Union for Conservation

of Nature and Natural Resources

IWDP Integrated Watershed Development Project (Haryana, India)

IWM Integrated Watershed Management

IWMI International Water Management InstituteJICA Japanese International Cooperation Agency

LSFP Lao Swedish Forestry ProgramM&E Monitoring and EvaluationMoA Ministry of Agriculture

MoEF Ministry of Environment and Forests

MoFMinistry of Forests/ForestryMoRDMinistry of Rural DevelopmentMoWRMinistry of Water Resources

MW Megawatt

NARMSAP Natural Resource Management Sector Assistance Programme (Nepal)

NDWMP Nepal-Denmark Watershed Management Project

NGO Non-governmental Organization NPC National Planning Commission

NR Nepalese Rupee (US\$1 = NR 78, July 2004)

NTFP Non-timber Forest Product

NWDPRA National Watershed Development Project for Rainfed Areas (India)

ODA Overseas Development Administration (UK)

PARDYP People and Resource Dynamics in Mountain Watersheds of the Hindu Kush

Himalayas Project

PDR People's Democratic Republic PRI Panchayati Raj Institution

RCUP Resource Conservation and Utilisation Project
REDLACH Latin American Network for Technical Cooperation

in Watershed Management

RELMA Regional Land Management Unit (East Africa)

SALT Sloping Agricultural Land Technology

SCWMC Soil Conservation and Watershed Management Component (NARMSAP)

SDC Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation

SEED Service, Economy, Environment and Democratic (norms)
Sida Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency

SWAT Soil and Water Assessment Tool
SWC Soil and Water Conservation

UNDP United Nations Development Programme
UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

USAID United States Agency for International Development

USDA United States Department of Agriculture

UWMP Upper Watershed Management Project (Sri Lanka)

VDC Village Development Committee

WOCAT World Overview of Conservation Approaches and Technologies

WM Watershed Management